



V Congresso Internacional sobre
Metáfora
na Linguagem e no Pensamento

**PORTRAITS
OF THE SELF**
the metaphorized
identities of English
learners from Brazil
and Hong Kong.



Ronaldo Corrêa GOMES JUNIOR (IFMG/UFMG)

Identities...

- Due to its dynamism, modernity completely changed the nature of social life, affecting the most personal aspects of our existence. (GIDDENS, 2002, p. 9).
- Identity is not as transparent or unproblematic as we think. Perhaps instead of thinking of identity as an already accomplished fact, which the new cultural practices then represent, we should think, instead, of identity as a 'production', which is never complete, always in process, and always constituted within, not outside, representation. (HALL, S. 1990, p. 222)

Metaphors...

- If metaphors structure humans' perceptions and conceptual systems, influence their actions as well as their relationships, and if the conceptual system has a fundamental role for our realities; understanding individuals' identities and how they are constructed can also be a matter of metaphor.

Research questions

- What are the most frequent metaphorized identities in narratives of a group of undergraduate students from Brazil (UFMG)?
- What are the most frequent metaphorized identities in narratives of a group of undergraduate students from Hong Kong (CityU)?
- How similar or different are the metaphorized identities of students of different realities who learn the same language?

Background and Objectives

- It is commonly believed that meaning is in the words. However, words are just “the tip of the iceberg”, being the meaning and many other conceptions “hidden” in our minds (FAUCONNIER, 1994).
- Metaphorical analysis – inductive and indirect.
- Few students interested in investigating metaphors in teaching and learning contexts.
- Many Brazilian and foreign scholars have used identity as a theoretical construct in their studies. Nevertheless, this research seeks to associate the socio-cultural study of identity and the cognitive study of metaphor.

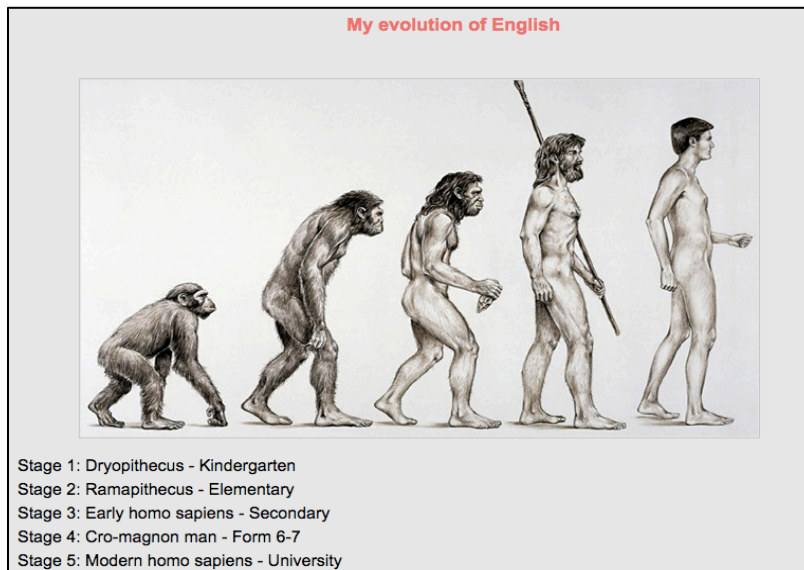
- Objective: to identify the metaphors in language learning histories of English students from one university in Brazil and one in Hong Kong, so it is possible to know the identity profiles of Eastern and Westerns students who are learning the same language.

Methodology

- Qualitative Research (DENZIN & LINCOLN, 2006, DÖRNIEY, 2007).
- Interpretivist paradigm (SARMENTO, 2003).
- Multimodal language learning histories (PAIVA, 2008).
- Data Analysis Procedures:
 1. Search for meaningful unities (metaphors) present in each corpus;
 2. Group metaphors in categories according to their own regularities.
 3. Analyze how the identity selves are discursively constructed through metaphors.
 4. Discuss and compare the identity profiles characteristic of each corpus.

IDENTITIES →

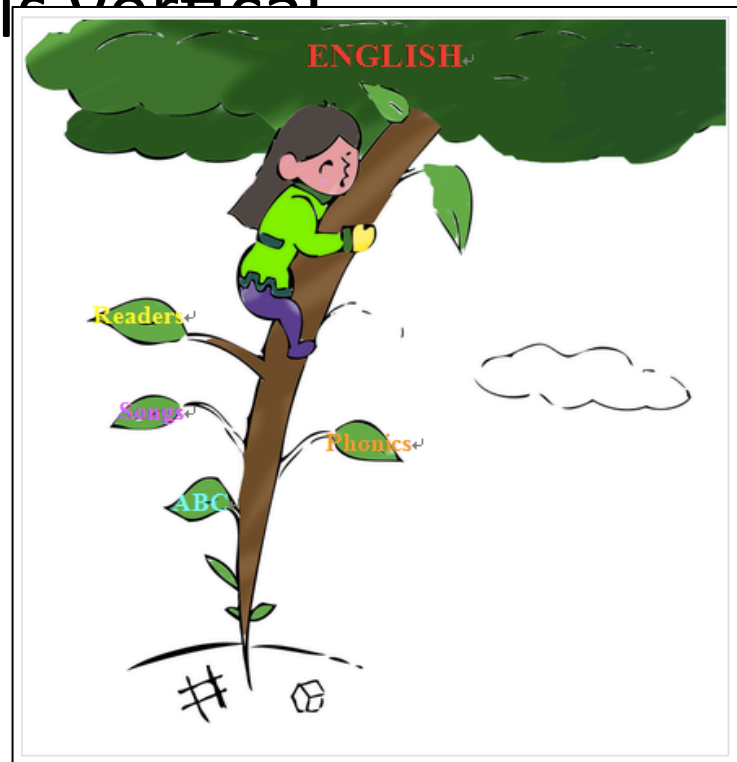
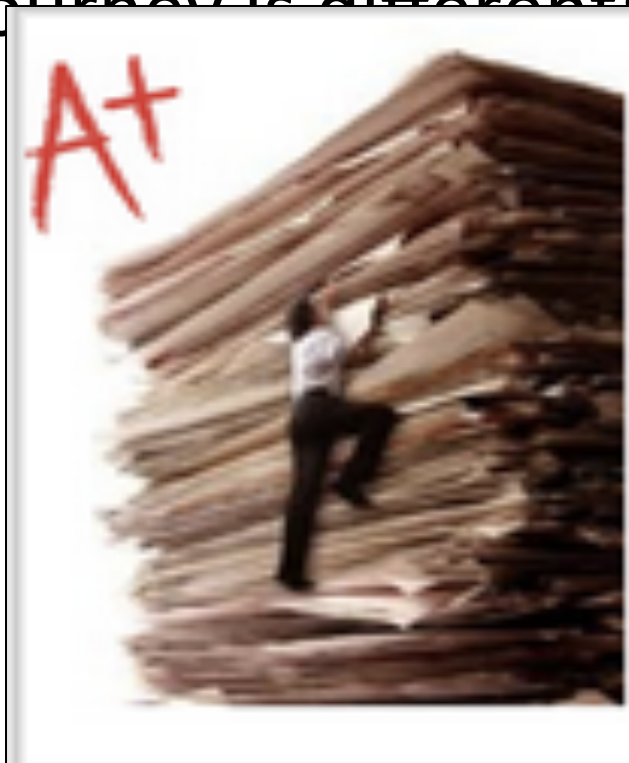
- The image schema SOURCE-PATH-GOAL is the most used by the participants to conceptualize their learner identities.



- The RUNNER identity, for example, present in both groups, is a result of the same image schema, however, the duration of the journey is shorter given its characteristic t.

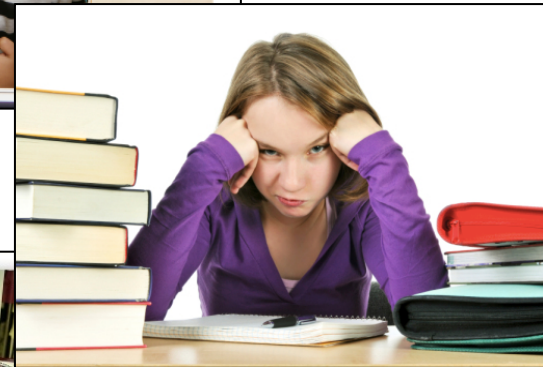


- The ALPINIST is a metaphorized identity present in the Hong Kong group. Although it is also a product of the SOURCE-PATH-GOAL image schema, the orientation of the journey is different: it is vertical



- The READER metaphorized identity demonstrated to be characteristic of Brazilian learners. It seems to be related to the metaphor LEARNING IS READING.

What Did I Do in Order to Improve my English?



- The MILITAR and CONSTRUCTOR identities, found in the Hong Kong corpus, highlight more autonomy and motivation.



Time
English
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a serio
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and lo
rules of thumbs to make my English better than ever. Throughout the learning process, I laid every small bricks to build my strong foundation base without collapse. Remember! You should not give up and make corrective decisions so that it will not fall if you feel frustrated.

Learning English is like building a wall .

By Charlotte Kwok



- On both corpora, it was possible to find metaphorized identities related to profits.

- THE LEARNER IS AN INVESTOR

Secondary



You can Run, But You can't Hide

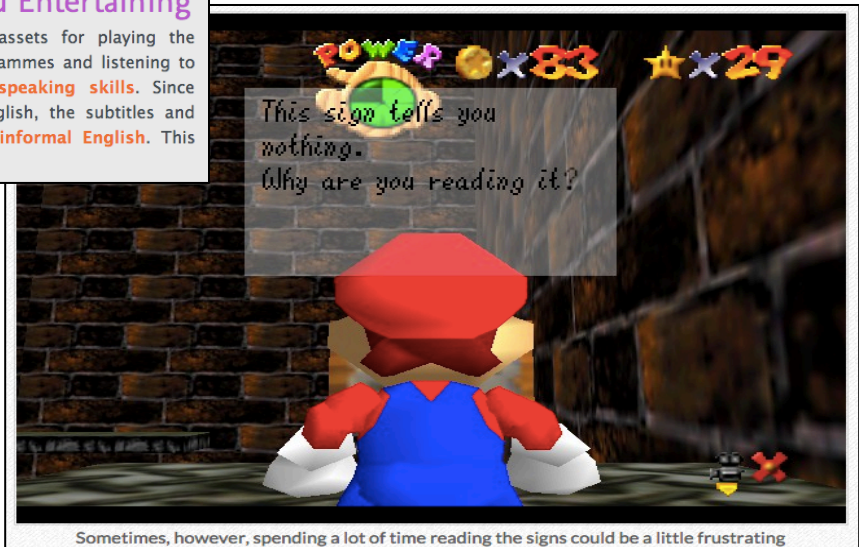
I went **back to jail** during Form 6 and 7 because of A-level. These 2 years were my hard time, **full of challenges, fear and disappointments**. I have paid more effort and time on English than ever.

Assets



Learning can be Fun and Entertaining

TV programmes and songs are my assets for playing the monopoly of English. Watching TV programmes and listening to songs **strengthen my listening and speaking skills**. Since schools mainly teach formal written English, the subtitles and lyrics are useful tools for me to **learn informal English**. This enhances my ability to chat in English.



- The PLAYER metaphorized identity has different characteristics.



- In the Brazilian corpus, it was possible to find some metaphorized identities that were not found in the Hong Kong corpus.
- THE LEARNER IS A BABY
- THE LEARNER IS A PASSIONATE PERSON.



R



At college I fell in love even more with the language, and I got in contact with all aspects of the language's structure.

Final Considerations

- By narrating, about their language learning processes, students project their identities using metaphors, what I am naming metaphorized identities.
- The metaphors are related to the identities since they are the portraits of the self: the way how the individual is perceived in a specific moment in time.
- The metaphors of learners of different cultures reveal metaphorized identities that confirm the cultural variation. Students of different cultures who learn the same language have different but also similar metaphorized identities.



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